II. ANALYSIS

Plaintiff's Motion should be refused because it is premature. Courts have been clear: "The purpose of Rule 56(f) is to prevent the opposing party from being railroaded by a premature motion for summary judgment." Herring v. Countrywide Home Loans, Inc., 2007 WL 707073, at *2 (D. Ariz. Mar. 6, 2007) (citing Celotex Corp. v. Catrett, 477 U.S. 317, 326 (1985)). "When a motion for summary judgment is filed so early in the litigation, before a party has had any realistic opportunity to pursue discovery relating to its theory of the case, district courts should grant any Rule 56(f) motion fairly freely." Burlington Northern Santa Fe R.R. Co. v. Assinibione & Sioux Tribes of the Fort Peck Reservation, 323 F.3d 767, 773 (9th Cir. 2003) (emphasis added).

Here, Plaintiff has filed his motion before Defendants have had sufficient opportunity to investigate the claims raised in his Complaint.² Indeed, Defendants' opposition to Plaintiff's Motion is due nearly two weeks before their Answer must be filed. Defendants lack sufficient time to gather supporting affidavits and information to support their opposition to Plaintiff's Motion. Accordingly, Defendants move the Court to refuse Plaintiff's Motion pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. P. 56(f). Alternatively, Defendants request the Court to continue the Motion hearing to January 4, 2008, to provide Defendants opportunity to investigate Plaintiff's claims.

III. CONCLUSION

For the foregoing reasons, Defendants respectfully request the Court to deny Plaintiff's Motion, or continue the hearing date.

Dated: September 10, 2007 Respectfully submitted,

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United States Attorney

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EX PARTE MOTION C 07-3909 CRB

²Plaintiff's counsel has filed similar premature motions in at least three other cases. <u>See Xiang v. Chertoff</u>, No. C 07-3769 JF, Dkt. No. 4; <u>Yuan v. Chertoff</u>, No. C 07-3750 JL, Dkt. No. 5; <u>Zhu v. Chertoff</u>, No. C 07-3749 JF, Dkt. No. 4.